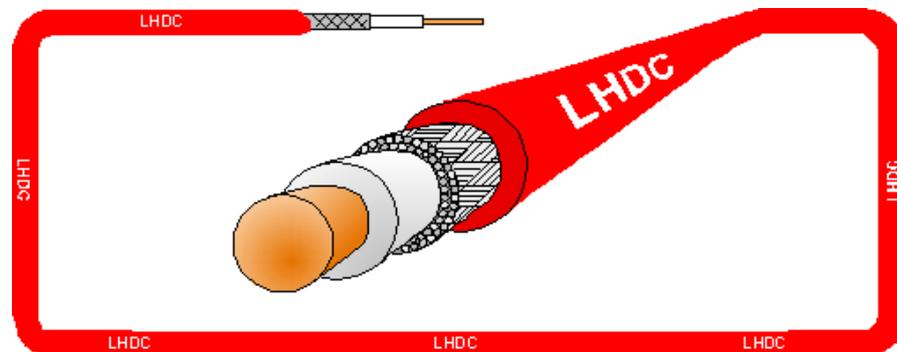


Analogue Linear Heat Detector and Fire Sensor



The Patol Linear Heat Detection Cable is designed to provide early detection of fire conditions and overheating in circumstances where other forms of detection would not be viable, either due to inability to sustain the environmental requirements or through prohibitive costs.

Extensive single zonal lengths of the Linear Heat Detection Cable (LHDC) may be installed with the ability to trigger alarms for 'hot spots' occurring on very small sections of the overall cable.

The LHDC may be employed in a wide variety of applications but is particularly suited where there is a harsh environmental condition, a physical or hazardous maintenance access constraint to the protected area, and/or a requirement to cost effectively install detection in close proximity to the risk(s)

The primary features of Patol's LHDC are:-

- Early detection of hazards at temperatures well below flame point.
- Rugged construction for use in harsh environments.
- Ease of installation - wide range of fixings available.
- Compatible with many existing zone monitors / control equipments.
- Recoverable & resetable (testable) operation - unlike Digital LHDC.
- Intrinsically Safe configurable for Hazardous Areas.
- Compliant with industry standards (e.g. CEGB GDCD-187)
- Extensive range of proven applications.

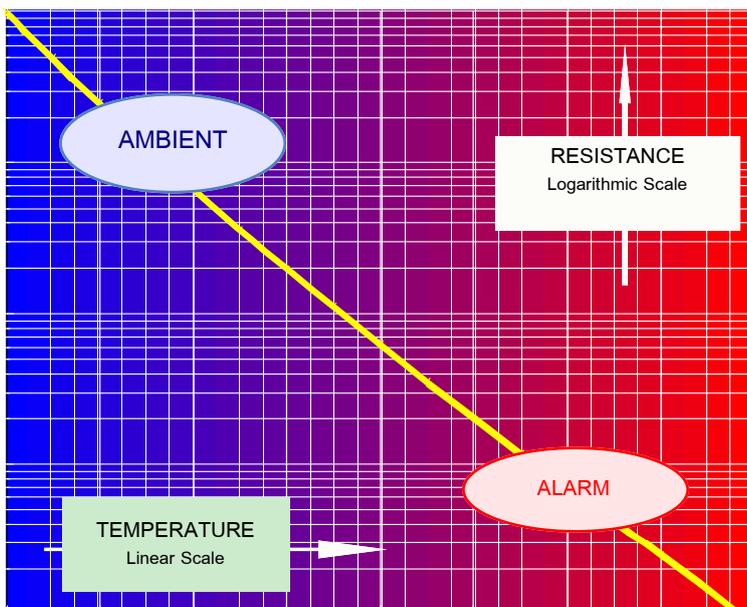
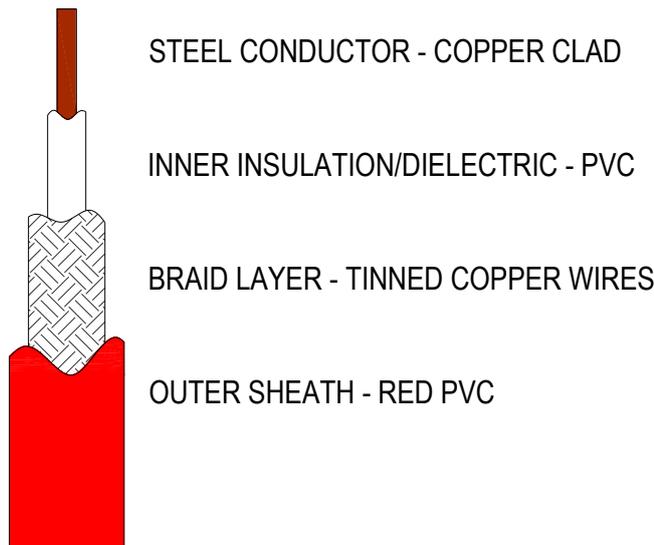
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PRICIPLES

LHDC is a coaxial cable constructed with a copper coated steel central conductor, an inner insulation (dielectric), a tinned copper braid layer, and an overall protective sheath.

The primary mechanism of heat (fire) detection is that the resistance of the dielectric, monitored between the central conductor and braid layer, has a negative temperature coefficient (NTC).



This NTC characteristic is a logarithmic function, and thus the resistance at normal ambient temperatures is very much greater than at abnormal alarm temperatures.

There are other parameters exhibited by the cable such as capacitive type effects. The cable must be employed in conjunction with the correct type of monitoring unit.

When correctly configured considerable lengths of the detector may be installed whilst maintaining the ability to trigger alarms for 'Hot Spots' on small sections of the detector cable.

Refer to:-

'CHARACTERISTICS AS A FIRE SENSING CABLE'

APPLICATIONS

LHDC is employed in conjunction with an End Of Line terminating device (EOL Terminator) and a LHDC Interface Unit or Control Panel equipped with an appropriate LHDC interface channel.

LHDC may be installed in *Hazardous Areas* by means of *Intrinsically Safe Zener Barriers*. Similarly, when the protected area is remote from the monitoring equipment 'interposing' cables may be employed. (Contact Patol for recommended types).

LHDC is versatile in that it can both provide an alternative to point heat detectors in conventional (space) protection situations, and it may also be readily installed in very close proximity to monitored hazards.

The LHDC is particularly suited to applications where harsh environmental conditions preclude the use of other forms of detection.

The low maintenance requirement of the LHDC provides a unique solution to fire detection in areas that have access restrictions due to either physical difficulties or personnel health risk.

- Cable Tunnels, Ducts & Mezzanines
- Escalators & Moving Walkways
- Petro-Chem Storage Tank Rim Seals
- Paint Shops & Spray Booths
- Conveyors - Coal, Wood, Sulphur, etc..
- Ceiling Voids & Attic Spaces
- Road & Rail Tunnel Carriageways & Sumps
- Nuclear Reactor Plant Areas
- Refrigerated Stores & Cold Rooms
- Electrical Control & Switchgear Cabinets
- Warehouse High Rise Pallet Racking
- Oil Rigs & Off Shore Platforms
- Fume Cupboards & Glove Boxes
- Grain Silos & Agricultural Storage
- Road / Rail Vehicle Engine Compartments
- Steam Pipe Leaks & Trace Heating Faults
- Product Lines - Flanges, Valves & Pumps
- Computer Room Under Floor Cable Voids

CHARACTERISTICS AS A FIRE SENSING CABLE

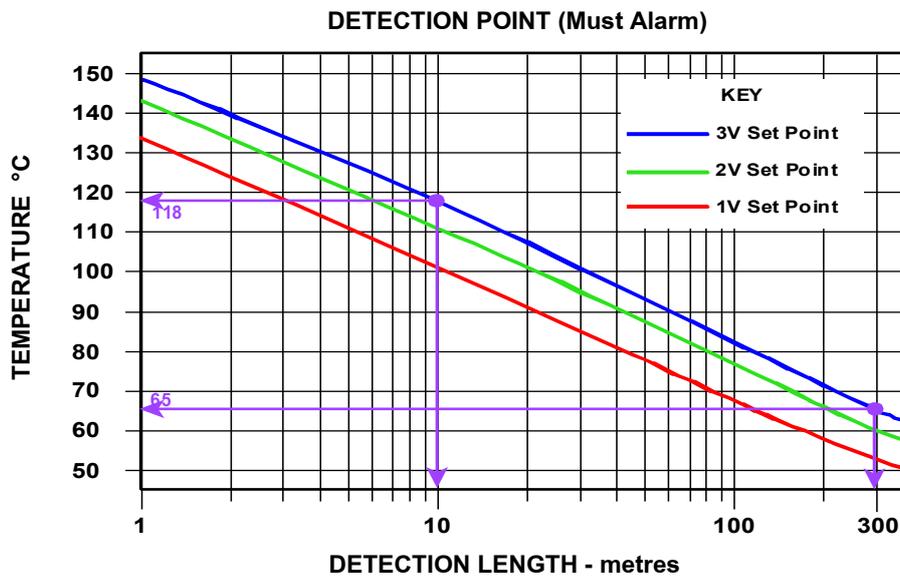
Patol's Linear Heat Detection Cable is of the Analogue type.

With this form of detector two principle aspects must be considered for any particular application:-

- The total (zone) length of cable being employed and the normal ambient temperatures that it may withstand without an alarm being raised.
- The point at which an alarm will be triggered if a section (or all) of the cable suffers an abnormal temperature elevation.

LHDC Interface Modules are equipped with sensitivity/trip adjustments. The graphs show three typical settings and accommodate both the worst case *event scenario* and LHDC manufacturing tolerance.

Also refer to the Example shown.

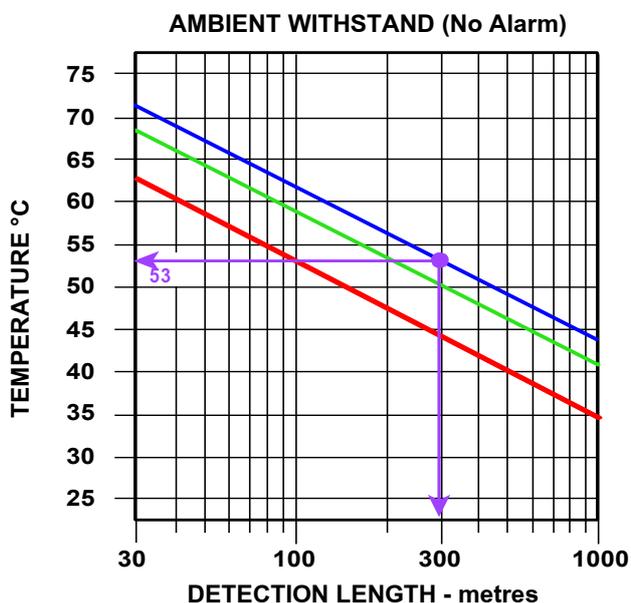


TWO STAGE OPERATION

The data on this page describes the LHDC "Trip" characteristic for one "Set Point".

Patol have Interface Modules that have two adjustable "Set Points" thus providing Two Stage or Pre-Alarm operation.

See next page.



EXAMPLE

This shows a typical application where 300m of Linear Heat Detection Cable is employed in conjunction with a zone monitor adjusted for a 3V set point.

- The lower graph shows that the whole of the zone will withstand ambient temperatures up to 53°C without any alarm triggers.
- The upper graph shows that a 10m section of the zone will produce an alarm trigger at a maximum of 118°C. The 300m zone length will trip at 65°C.
- Margin and tolerance are applied to the curves. In practice the withstand will be greater than 53°C. In addition the detection graph assumes the rest of the zone cable to be at a very low temperature. At normal ambients the alarm trigger will be less than 118°C.

TWO STAGE OPERATION - TRIP CONFIRMATION - PRE ALARM

A unique benefit of the Patol Analogue LHDC Sensor is that it may be monitored for continuously variable states of abnormal condition. Patol provides Interface Modules that have two adjustable “Trip Set Point” trigger levels. These Modules can thus provide the “key” to systems that need confirmation of a Fire condition before Extinguishing or Shut-down actions are automatically initiated. Similarly the feature is invaluable when the LHDC Zone is integrated with Intelligent Address Loop Fire Systems that utilise Pre-Alarm notifications.

BASIC SPECIFICATION

Part Number	700-001
Overall Diameter	2.8 - 3.0 mm
Colour	Red
Outer Sheath Material	PVC
Braid	Tinned Copper Wire
Inner Dielectric	White
Central Conductor	Copper Clad Steel
Tensile Strength	200 Newtons
Printed Definition	Patol Ltd Fire Detection Cable Type D

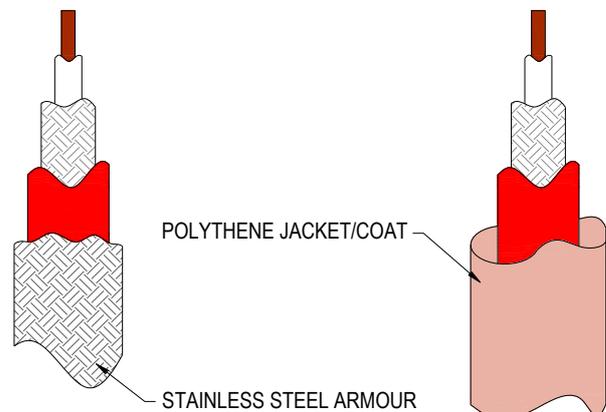
LHDC WITH ADDITIONAL PROTECTION - RUGGEDISED

Patol’s primary LHDC’s construction is extremely robust and is suitable for virtually all applications including Petro-chemical installations.

However, certain environments and/or Project Specifications may require enhanced protection for the LHDC.

Patol can provide LHDC with an additional Jacket Over Sheath when required.

Such stocked varieties of Patol’s sensor include Stainless Steel Braided and Polythene Coated LHDC.



SYSTEM CONFIGURATION & EQUIPMENT COMPATIBILITY

LHDC is compatible with many existing installations and monitoring equipments. Patol will be pleased to give advice on the LHDC in respect of its suitability as a replacement ‘*spare*’ for any particular established system.

LHDC may be installed in **Hazardous Areas** when used with a suitable Intrinsically Safe Barrier.

The following diagrams indicate typical system configurations :-

